



Kestrel[®]

5L e



Fungicide

A fungicide for the control of stem-base, foliar and ear diseases in winter and spring wheat (also reduction of the mycotoxin deoxynivalenol), winter rye, winter and spring barley, winter and spring oats and for disease control in winter and spring oilseed rape.

MAPP 16751

An emulsifiable concentrate formulation containing 160g/L (16.2% w/w) prothioconazole and 80 g/L (8.1% w/w) tebuconazole.

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road, Cambridge, CB4 0WB
Telephone: 01223 226500

For 24 hour emergency information contact
Bayer CropScience Limited
Telephone: 00800 1020 3333



Safety Information

KESTREL

Contains 160 g/L (16.2% w/w) prothioconazole and 80 g/L (8.1% w/w) tebuconazole and N,N,-Dimethyl decanamide.



Warning

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Protect from sunlight.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.
To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

Crops:	Wheat, rye (winter), barley, oats, oilseed rape
Maximum individual dose:	1.0 litre product per hectare
Maximum total dose:	Wheat and winter rye: 2.0 litres product/ha Barley and oats: 2.0 litres product/ha Oilseed rape: 2.0 litres product/ha
Latest time of application:	Wheat and winter rye: before grain milky ripe stage. Barley and oats: up to the beginning of flowering. Oilseed rape: 56 days before harvest.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.



kestrelstds

To access the **Safety Data Sheet** for this product scan the code or use the link below:

www.cropscience.bayer.co.uk/kestrelstds

or alternatively contact your supplier

GB85387189d rA5d

Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 0WB

Telephone: 01223 226500

Bayer

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) when applying the product by vehicle mounted or trailed equipment.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when in contact with contaminated surfaces.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

WASH ANY CONTAMINATION from eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Environmental Protection

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER WITH PRODUCT OR CONTAINER. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.



DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water.

This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) scheme. Before each spraying operation from a horizontal boom sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for three years.

Storage and Disposal

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER tightly closed in a safe place.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings into spray tank and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

Kestrel is a mixture of a triazolinthione and triazole fungicide recommended for control of a wide range of diseases on winter and spring barley, winter and spring wheat, winter rye, winter and spring oats and winter and spring oilseed rape.

PROTECT FROM FROST

CROPS

Kestrel may be used on all commercial varieties of winter and spring barley, winter and spring wheat, winter rye, winter and spring oats and winter and spring oilseed rape.

RATE OF USE

Apply Kestrel at 1.0 litre per hectare.

The maximum total dose per crop is 2.0 litres per hectare

APPLICATION

Water volume

Apply Kestrel in 100–300 litres of water per hectare. The higher spray volumes are recommended where the crop is dense or disease pressure / risk is high to ensure good penetration to the lower leaves and stem bases. Disease control may be compromised by reducing water volumes, where good spray coverage is difficult to achieve.

A spray pressure of 2-3 bar is recommended.

Spray quality

Apply as a MEDIUM spray quality (as defined by BCPC).

Latest Permitted Timing

In wheat and rye Kestrel may be applied at any stage before grain milky ripe stage and in barley and oats up to beginning of flowering.

In oilseed rape Kestrel may be applied up to 56 days before harvest.

Mixing

Thoroughly shake the pack before use.

Add the required quantity of Kestrel to the half-filled spray tank with the agitation system in operation and then fill to the required level. Continue agitation at all times during spraying and stoppages until the tank is completely empty. Spray immediately after mixing.

General

Sprayers should be thoroughly cleaned with water and detergent after use, and filters and jets checked for damage and blockages.

Boom height should be adjusted to ensure even coverage of the crop, particularly at later growth stages. The correct height is one at which the spray from alternate nozzles meets just above the crop. In dense crops, at later growth stages, higher water volumes should be used.

DISEASES CONTROLLED.

Wheat

Eyespot (reduction of the incidence and severity), *Septoria* (leaf and glume blotch), powdery mildew, yellow rust, brown rust, tan spot, ear disease complex* (*Fusarium* ear blight (reduction of deoxynivalenol) and reduction of sooty moulds).

Barley

Eyespot (reduction of the incidence and severity), powdery mildew, yellow rust, brown rust, ear disease complex* (*Fusarium* ear blight and reduction of sooty moulds), *Rhynchosporium*, net blotch.

Rye

Eyespot (reduction of the incidence and severity), powdery mildew, brown rust, *Rhynchosporium*.

Oats

Eyespot, crown rust and mildew

Oilseed rape

Light leaf spot*, *Phoma* leaf spot/stem canker, and *Sclerotinia* stem rot.

*Kestrel will provide moderate control of these diseases

APPLICATION TIMING

CEREALS

Eyespot (*Oculimacula* spp.)

Spray in the spring at the first sign of disease, from when the leaf sheaths begin to become erect until the 2nd node is detectable (GS 30-32).

Septoria Leaf Blotch and Glume Blotch (*Mycosphaerella graminicola* and *Stagonospora nodorum*)

Apply before disease is established in the crop. To protect the upper leaves and ear apply Kestrel at full flag leaf emergence (GS 37) up to mid-flowering (GS 65). Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated.

Applications to upper leaves where *S. tritici* symptoms are present are likely to be less effective.

Kestrel contains two DMI fungicides.

Resistance to some DMI fungicides has been identified in *Septoria* leaf blotch (*Mycosphaerella graminicola*) which may seriously affect the performance of some products. For further advice on resistance management in DMI's contact your agronomist or specialist advisor, and visit the FRAG-UK website.

Powdery Mildew (*Blumeria graminis*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease. Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated.

Yellow Rust (*Puccinia striiformis*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease. A second application may be made 2-3 weeks later if re-infection occurs. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Brown Rust (*Puccinia triticina* and *P hordei*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease. A second application may be made 2-3 weeks later if re-infection occurs. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Crown Rust (*Puccinia coronata*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease. Kestrel controls crown rust in winter and spring oats. A second application may be made 2-3 weeks later if re-infection occurs. Applications made to established infections are likely to be less effective.

Tan Spot (*Pyrenophora tritici-repentis*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease in spring or early summer. Where disease pressure remains high application may be repeated.

Ear Disease Complex

Apply Kestrel soon after ear emergence until the end of flowering (GS 59-69) for moderate control of *Fusarium* ear blight in wheat and reduction of sooty moulds. Control of ear diseases can result in cleaner, brighter ears.

Through the control of ear blight, Kestrel effectively reduces the level of the *Fusarium* mycotoxin deoxynivalenol (DON) in wheat grain. However, where *Fusarium* levels are high, the reduction achieved may not always be sufficient to ensure that DON levels fall below the statutory limit.

Leaf Blotch (*Rhynchosporium secalis*)

Apply Kestrel in spring at the first signs of disease. For severe infections a second application may be necessary 2-3 weeks later.

Net Blotch (*Pyrenophora teres*)

Apply Kestrel at the first signs of disease in spring/early summer. For severe infections, a second application 2-3 weeks later will give most effective control when conditions remain favourable for disease development.

OILSEED RAPE

Light Leaf Spot

Apply Kestrel in autumn/winter (usually late October to early December) protectively. Follow up spray(s) may be required in early spring from the onset of stem elongation, depending on disease development.

Strains of light leaf spot resistant to azole fungicides are known to exist. To avoid the development of resistance apply Kestrel protectively in response to disease forecasts. Where possible, avoid the use of products containing azoles when targeting other diseases such as *Sclerotinia* at mid-flowering.

Phoma Leaf spot/Stem Canker

Apply Kestrel in autumn at the first sign of disease. Repeat application in late autumn/winter, if disease symptoms reoccur.

Sclerotinia stem rot (*Sclerotinia Sclerotiorum*)

Apply Kestrel at early to full flower.

RESISTANCE STRATEGY

Repeated application of Kestrel alone should not be used on the same crop against a high risk pathogen such as cereal powdery mildew. Tank mixtures or alternation with fungicides having a different mode of action (e.g. morpholines) have been shown to protect against the development of resistant forms of disease.

Kestrel contains a DMI fungicide. Resistance to some DMI fungicides has been identified in *Septoria* leaf blotch (*Mycosphaerella graminicola*) which may seriously affect the performance of some products. For further advice on resistance management in DMI's contact your agronomist or specialist advisor, and visit the FRAG-UK website.

CAUTION: The possible development of disease strains resistant to Kestrel cannot be excluded or predicted. Where such resistant strains occur, Kestrel is unlikely to give satisfactory control.

© Kestrel is a registered Trade Mark of Bayer

© Bayer CropScience Limited 2019

Safety Information

KESTREL

Contains 160 g/L (16.2% w/w) prothioconazole and 80 g/L (8.1% w/w) tebuconazole and N,N,-Dimethyl decanamide.



Warning

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Protect from sunlight.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.
To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

Crops:	Wheat, rye (winter), barley, oats, oilseed rape
Maximum individual dose:	1.0 litre product per hectare
Maximum total dose:	Wheat and winter rye: 2.0 litres product/ha Barley and oats: 2.0 litres product/ha Oilseed rape: 2.0 litres product/ha
Latest time of application:	Wheat and winter rye: before grain milky ripe stage. Barley and oats: up to the beginning of flowering. Oilseed rape: 56 days before harvest.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.



kestrelstds

To access the **Safety Data Sheet** for this product scan the code or use the link below:

www.cropscience.bayer.co.uk/kestrelstds

or alternatively contact your supplier

GB85387189d rA5d

Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 0WB

Telephone: 01223 226500

Bayer